

MINING THE EVOLUTIONARY DYNAMICS OF PROTEIN LOOP STRUCTURE AND ITS ROLE IN BIOLOGICAL FUNCTIONS

PI:

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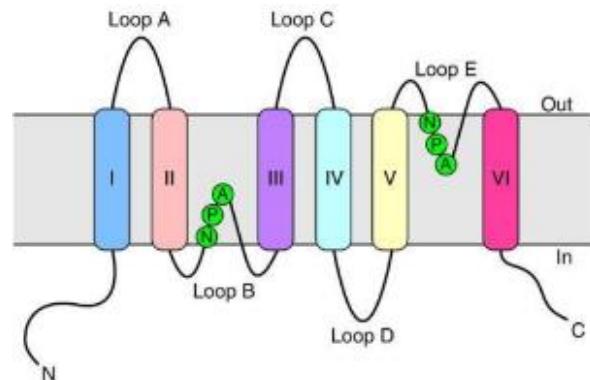
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Objectives

- Flexible-unstructured regions of proteins introduce fundamental heterogeneity for molecular function
- Exploring dynamics of loops to ascertain their role in protein function
- Identify protein motions exclusive to specific functions
- Examine biophysical properties (flexibility and fluctuations) in the light of evolution

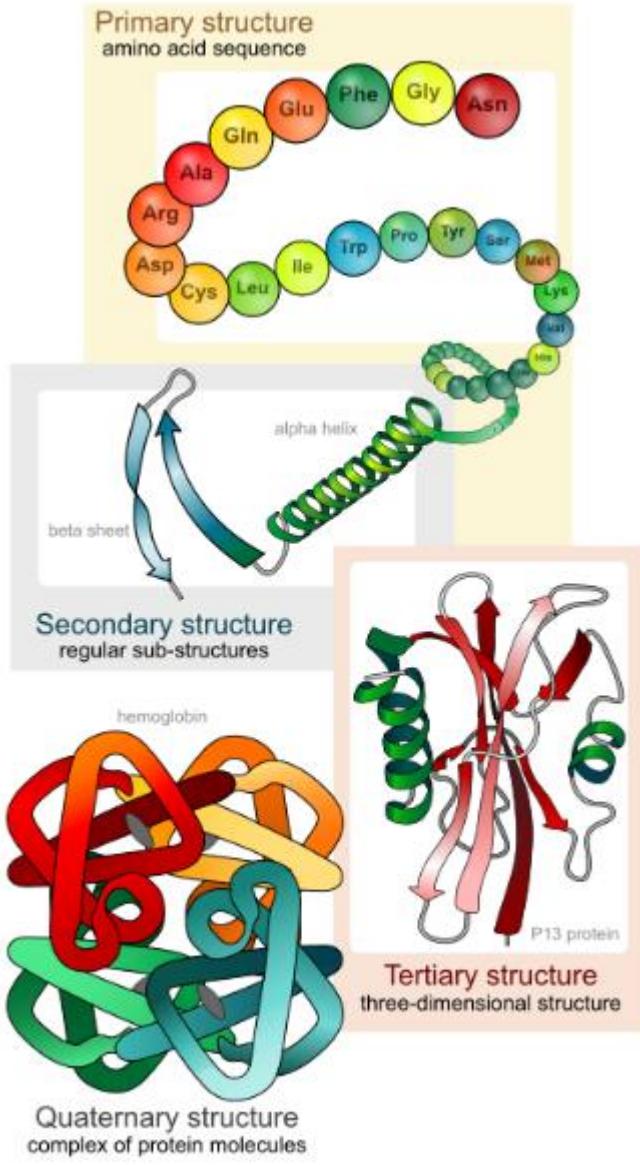


Source:
Kruse, E., et al. 2006. *Genome Biology*, 7(2), 206



Protein Structure

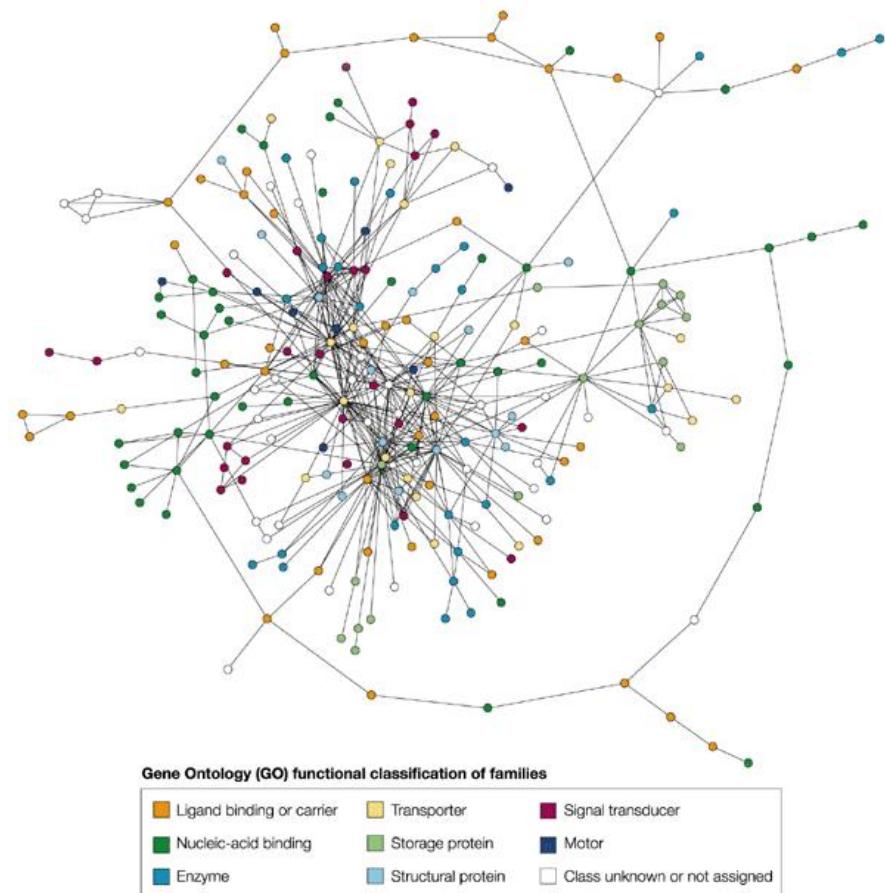
- Levels
 - Primary
 - Secondary
 - Tertiary
 - Quaternary
- Domains: folded stable units
- Structural Classification Of Proteins (SCOP)
 - Fold Families: recent common ancestry
 - Fold Super Families: distant common ancestor
 - Folds: common structural topology



Source:
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Protein_structure

Protein Molecular Function

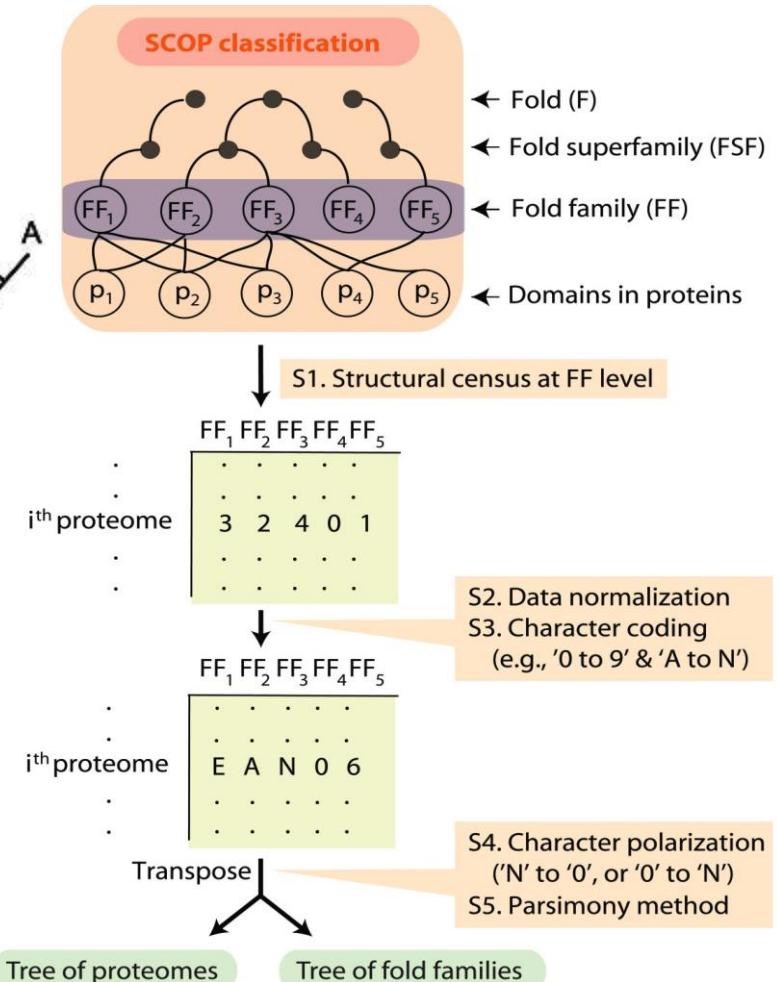
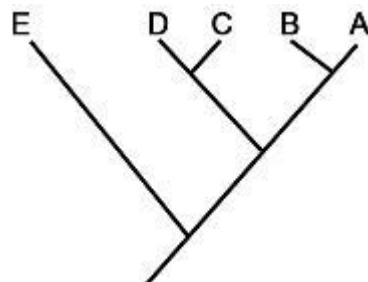
- Gene Ontology (GO):
 - Cellular Component
 - intracellular or extracellular
 - Molecular function
 - Binding or catalysis
 - Biological Process
 - Operations critical to functioning of living units



Source:
Ouzounis, et al., 2003 *Nature Reviews Genetics*, 4(7), 508-519.

Protein Evolution

- Assumption:
 - Most abundant = most ancient
 - Phylogenomic reconstruction
 - Characters
 - Taxa
1. FF Assignment
 2. Genomic Abundance calculation
 3. Character states defined (N= most ancient; 0= most recent) and polarized
 4. Tree construction using PAUP* (maximum parsimony)
 5. Age (node distance, nd) calculated (0=most ancient; 1=most recent)

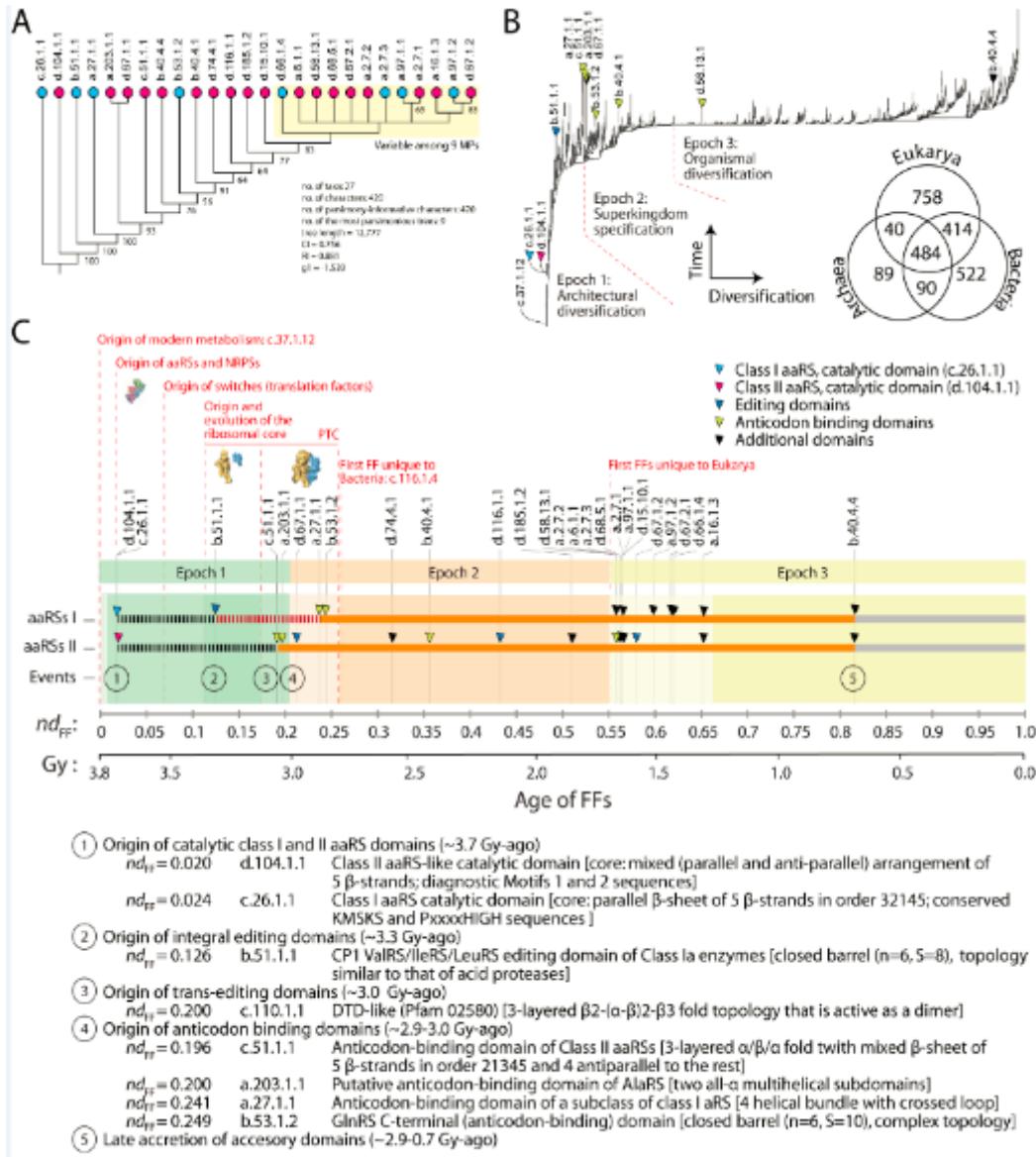


Source:

Kim & Caetano-Anollés, 2012. *BMC evolutionary biology*, 12(1), 13.

Approach

- Dataset
 - Aminoacyl-tRNA synthetase (aaRS) domain FFs
 - ArchDB loop classification
 - Annotation with nd values
 - 87 Classifications
 - Density Search (DS)
 - Lowest p-value
 - Loop length >2 AA
 - Sec struc length \geq 8 AA
 - Overall length < ~40 AA
- MD Simulations (NPT)
 - NAMD 2.9
 - CHARMM36



Source:

Caetano-Anollés, et al., 2013. *PLoS One*, 8(8), e72225..

Why Blue Waters?

- Computing capability
- Storage of temporary files
- Impact: International Collaboration
- Key Challenge: Output File Storage

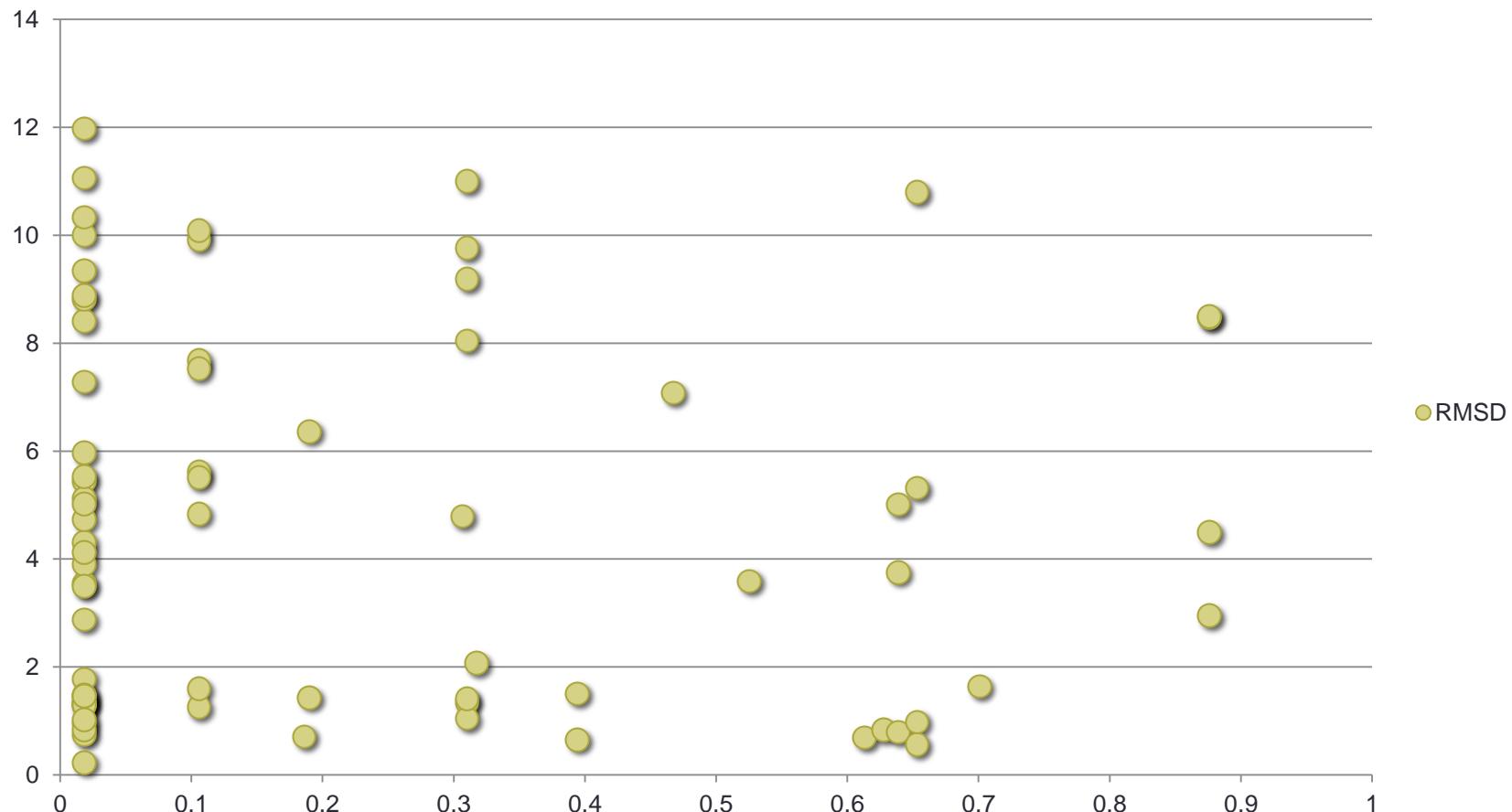
The Journey So Far ...

- 73 Simulations performed
- Associated molecular functions
- Example: b.40.4.4 (MyF domain)
- Global Parameters:
 - RMSD
 - Radius of gyration

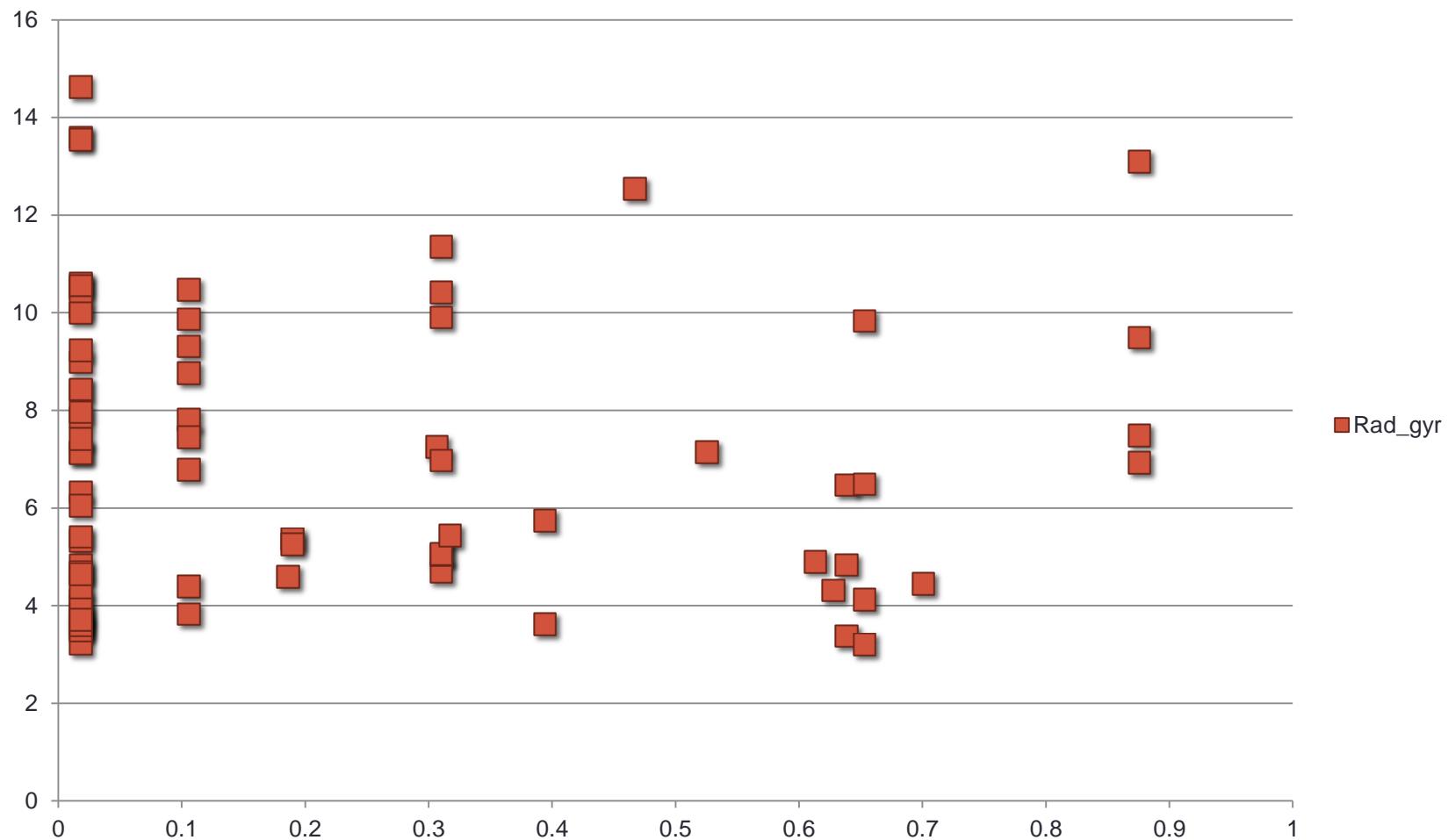
GO Term	Molecular Function	Occurrence
GO:0002161	aatRNA binding activity	4
GO:0003677	DNA binding	4
GO:0004825	methionine tRNA-ligase	4
GO:0042802	Identical protein bindir	4
GO:0000287	Mg ion binding	5
GO:0008270	Zinc ion binding	7
GO:0000049	tRNA Binding	9
GO:0046872	Metal ion binding	17
GO:0005524	ATP binding	25

Classification	FF	Loop ID	Loop Length	GO Term	Molecular Function
DS.BN.3.13.1	b.40.4.4	1JMZ_A_182	3	GO:0020037	Heme binding
				GO:0046872	Metal ion binding
				GO:0009055	Electron carrier activity
DS.BN.4.2.13	b.40.4.4	1T77_A_2080	4	None	None
DS.BN.5.2.2	b.40.4.4	1FJR_A_36	5	GO:0004930	G-coupled receptor protein activity
DS.BN.6.69.1	b.40.4.4	4MLL_B_208	6	GO:0008800	Beta-lactamase activity
				GO:0008658	Penicillin binding

Conformational diversity (RMSD) vs. evolutionary age (nd)



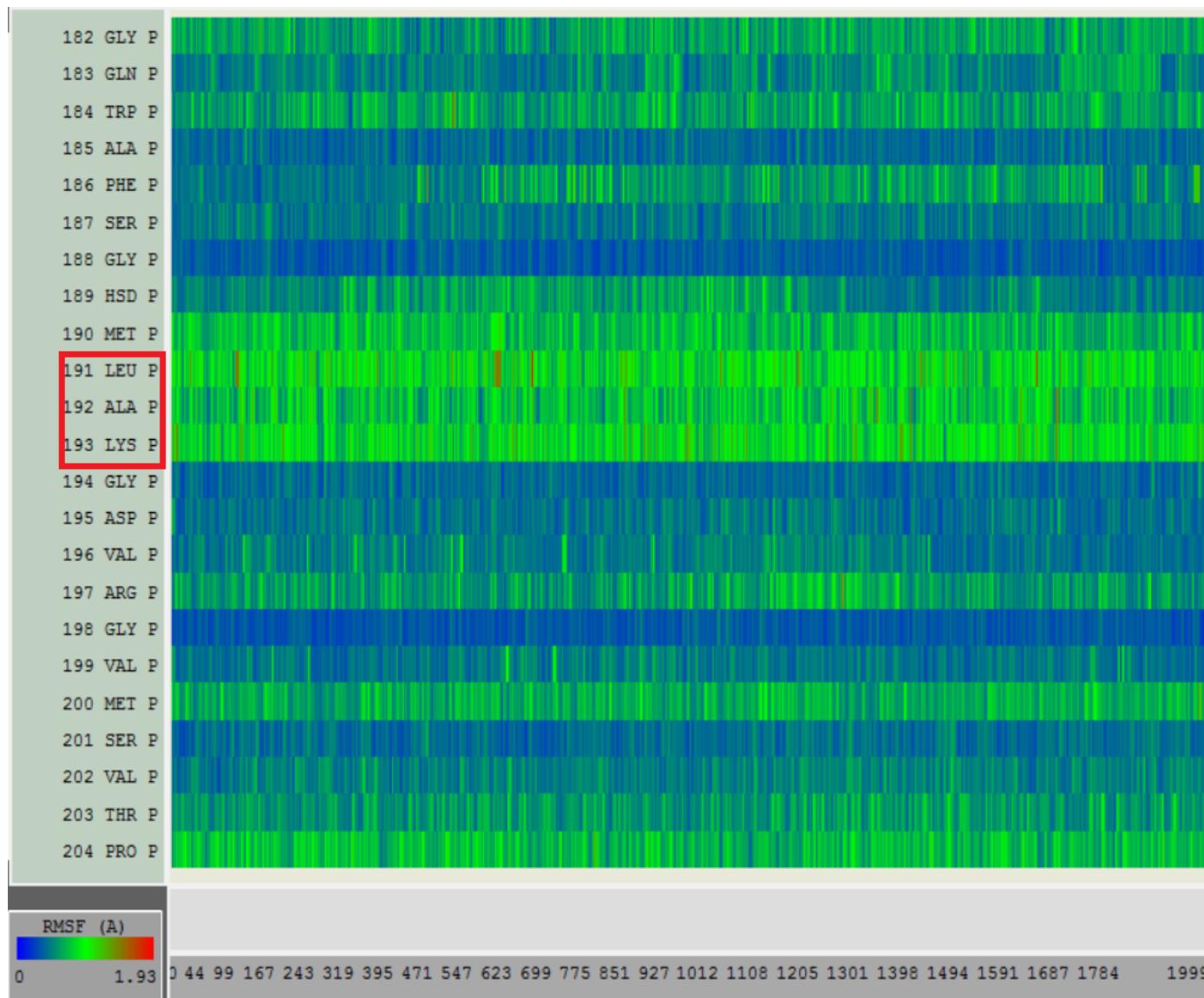
Radius of Gyration vs. age (nd)



1JMJ



- 1JMZ



Conclusion & Future Directions

- Identification of fundamental principles of molecular evolution is achieved by reconstructing past events
- Advances in synthetic biology and translational medicine
- Methods to predict future “evolutionary trajectories”
 - predict evolvability of viruses
 - treatment of viral diseases with interfering agents (Wilke, 2012 *PLoS computational biology*)
- Map motions specific to classification/function based on molecular dynamic simulations
- Energy analysis
- Expand the data set!

Acknowledgements

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Heidelberg Institute for
Theoretical Studies



THANK YOU!

Questions/Comments/Suggestions